Trade patterns of Fish and Fishing products
Outline

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• Import Bills
INTRODUCTION
Introduction

Background: The publication presents the results of the fourth quarter agriculture statistical bulletin (4QASB) released.

Objective: To illustrate the short-term performance of the sectors (Trade, auction prices and food inflation rate).

Methodology: Secondary and Administrative data sourced from NSA, Ministry of Fisheries and Marine resources, Agronomic Board and Meat Board of Namibia.

Compilation follows international best practices
In line with the Global Strategy of the UN to improve Agriculture and Rural statistics.

Uses international classifications
International Standard Classification (ISIC),
Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (HS),
Central Product Classification (CPC)
Classification of Individual Consumption by Purpose (COICOP)
OVERVIEW OF QASB
Overview of fourth Quarter Agriculture Statistical Bulletin

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing sector development
- Animal auction price and inflation
- International trade of Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing products
SECTOR CONTRIBUTION
Sector contribution to GDP in 2021Q4

Agriculture, Forestry & Fishing (8.9%)

- Agriculture (7.0%)
  - Crop (3.2%)
  - Livestock (3.8%)
- Forestry (0.3%)
- Fishing (1.6%)
FISHING SECTOR
Fishing sector

Important to the Namibian economy

Source of foreign earnings for the country

Significant opportunities for output growth, value addition and employment creation.
Fish Landings

- The total landings of quota species stood at 26,535 metric tons for 2021Q4 vs 37,579 metric tons 2020Q4.
Trade surplus of N$ 1,884.1m in 2021Q4 vs N$ 2.0 b in 2020Q4.
EXPORT EARNINGS
Export Earnings

Fish and crustaceans: N$2.1 b VS N$2.2 b

Fish fillets (987.0 m), frozen fish (891.2 m) and crustaceans (186.9 m)

Hake (N$813.1 m), Tilapi a (N$ 2.6 m)
Fish fillets were mainly destined to Spain (58.3%), Italy (10.0%), South Africa (9.3%).

Frozen fish were destined to Zambia (41.0%), Spain (19.9%) and South Africa (14.2%).

Crustaceans were destined to Spain (42.8%), Japan (18.7%) and China (13.8%).
IMPORT BILLS
Import Bills

Fish and Crustaceans
N$189.6 m vs N$156.0 m

Molluscs (100.2m),
frozen fish(71.5m) and
Fish fillets( 8.9m)
Import market

• Fish fillets were mainly sourced from South Africa (51.2%), China (30.4%) and Spain (18.4%)